

SOARING ASSOCIATION OF CANADA

DAILY INSPECTION BOOK

Aide Mémoire

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Keep this book in the glider at all times

DAILY INSPECTIONS WHO MAY CONDUCT THEM

A Daily Inspection, DI, must be carried out on all gliders before flying each day. Approved Pilots may carry out DIs and sign out the aircraft as serviceable. All pilots should have their logbooks signed out as approved before carrying out a DI. All pilots must enter any minor defects that render the aircraft unserviceable.

Only an A.M.E. may make structural or control repairs and adjustments, and sign for them.

Make an entry in this DI book following de-rigging, and place the book on the pilot's seat. The journey log should also have an entry if the glider has been reassembled.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING THIS BOOK

- 1. Write clearly and in ink.
- 2. Do not postpone making entries in the book, do it immediately.
- 3. Defects that will need to be fixed, but which do not affect the serviceability of the aircraft should be described in the **SNAGS** pages at the end of this book. The person fixing the defect must make an entry in the same pages, and also cross out and initial the original entry of the minor defect, showing that it has been fixed.
- 4. Similarly any pilot who has reason to believe that the aircraft is UNSERVICEABLE must declare this in the book using a separate line on the snags pages for the purpose. In this case the book should be left on the seat of the aircraft and a (preferably) red DO NOT FLY tag, signed and dated, and tied to the control column. Check with an instructor, as a major snag should also be noted in the journey logbook.
- 5. The person responsible for de-rigging the aircraft must make an entry in the **SNAGS** pages at the end of this book, and leave the book on the pilot's seat..

Inspecting a typical glider is a simple and straightforward task. The qualities that are needed are care and honesty from careful training; the job must be done thoroughly. Don't sign out the aircraft as serviceable unless you can justify your reasons.

The objectives of carrying out these inspections are to ensure that no defect has occurred which might make the aircraft unsafe to fly. Defects can occur in four ways: wear and tear, maladjustment, careless handling, and/or severe flight or landing loads.

The last is the least common, but potentially most serious. Typical defects can include:

- Actual failure cracked/buckling structure such as composites, metal, plywood or wood, frayed cable, glue failure, failed fittings, tear in fabric, loose rivets, etc;
- Missing components (fasteners, cotter pins, lock nuts)
- Deterioration rusty steel and bolts, etc., rotting wood, brittle fabric, and cracking of gel-coat and paint;
- Excessive wear, looseness or lack of lubrication;
- Incorrect assembly, wrong adjustment, etc.;
- Foreign objects.

It is not practical to ensure an aircraft is airworthy by only inspecting items on a checklist, because to include every conceivable eventuality would need a very long list. What is required however is the careful inspection of a limited number of items that are more critical, and to rely on the sharp eyes and imagination of the person doing the inspection.

Once a fault has been discovered, it is necessary to find its cause and to ascertain the full extent of the defect. When you do this it is important not to jump to conclusions. For example if a control cable is found to be unusually slack it is unlikely that the cable has stretched, it is far more probable that a component has been bent, or a lever or pulley bracket has been strained.

The inspector should take nothing for granted and should devote his or her energies to actually inspecting the aircraft. Above all the inspector should realize what he or she does not know, and if in any doubt at all, should ask someone with more experience.

The actual **Daily Inspections must include** the items on the checklists that follow, as a minimum.

DAILY INSPECTION MASTER GUIDE CHECKLIST See individual checklist sheets for each daily inspection

FRONT FUSELAGE

Front of fuselage is clean and free of damage;

Pitot and static ports free of obstructions – (do **not** blow into pitot).

COCKPIT open canopy.

Clean; free of foreign objects & junk in cockpit and storage compartment. All fasteners securely fastened;

Canopy - any cracks not drilled out? Clean? Condition of attachments, locking and canopy jettison mechanisms & witness wires intact, window, yaw string secure;

Controls - elevator, rudder and ailerons max. deflections, play, sloppiness of control cables/push rods, friction? All move *in the correct sense?* Trim tab should be *up* with lever forward;

Control cables for release, rudder, etc., turnbuckles, locking pins/safeties secure, no wear on guides, no frayed cables visible;

Operation of front and cg hooks, free of damage and dirt, check forward release, and back release of cg hook (winch ops);

Trim system -max deflections fore and aft incl. control surfaces;

Airbrakes/Spoilers and Flaps – max. extensions and positive locking when closed (airbrakes) and in all positions (flaps);

Wheel brake operation (test by moving glider);

Ballast weights – security of hold-down;

Harness - condition of straps and buckles; can the straps easily loosen? Anchoring of straps to airframe;

Seats, back rests and cushions secure:

Instruments, radio etc., check operation, battery secured;

Placards and loading charts, and all pictograms legible.

FUSELAGE include whole fuselage.

Surface clean and free of damage (cracks in skin, gel coat, buckling of panels, loose rivets, etc);

Main, nose wheel assemblies (tire pressures), and/or skids secure & free from damage;

Undercarriage/gear suspension, and wheel brake hardware secure.

WING (PORT) remove aileron (and flap) locks.

Upper and lower surfaces, leading and trailing edges clean and free of damage; look for loose rivets, cracks in gel coat, etc.

Aileron - gaps, hinges, control cable/rod attachments and lever arms (control horns), freedom of movement, seals and/or tapes;

Flaps, surfaces, hinges/slides, control attachments, seals and/or tapes; Airbrakes/Spoilers and mechanisms; fit of caps into the wings.

WING ATTACHMENTS

Wing to fuselage attachments (including struts if present) and wing-to-wing attachment bolts/safety pins/safety latches, fairings & tapes.

TAIL ASSEMBLY remove rudder and elevator locks.

Fin general condition, surfaces clean, attachments and fairings;

Rudder general condition, surface clean, no visible damage, hinges clean and free to move, control attachments clean and free of wear;

Elevators & trim tabs clean and free to move, no damage, attachment of tailplane/horizontal stabilizer (incl. struts), safety locking pins, and all hinges and control attachments secure;

Tail wheel assembly (tire pressure), and/or skid secure & free from damage; Fairings/seals and tapes secure.

WING (STARBORD) remove aileron (and flap) locks.

Upper and lower surfaces, leading and trailing edges clean and free of damage; look for loose rivets, cracks in gel coat, etc.

Aileron - gaps, hinges, control cable/rod attachments and lever arms (control horns), freedom of movement, seals and/or tapes;

Flaps, surfaces, hinges/slides, control attachments, seals and/or tapes; Airbrakes/Spoilers and mechanisms; fit of caps into the wings.

GENERAL EQUIPMENT

Cushions; are they an approved type and filled with energy absorbing foam (EAF)? Reject use of soft cushions;

Are all ballast weights/cushions that may be used in this aircraft able to be adequately secured in the cockpit?

Parachute(s) serviceable (pins not bent, no sign of mildew/rot?) Barograph, GNSS/GPS flight data recorder, etc.

POSITIVE CONTROL CHECK*

Documents & journey log entries checked;

Add other items to this list as you acquire and start using them.

* This check MUST be done if the aircraft has just been rigged, and it should be routinely done as part of every DI on club aircraft.

Check the details of all snags in the snag list at the end of the DI book.

Date Each item check OK, √ or not OK, X	Elevators & trim tabsFairings/seals and tapes secure
FRONT FUSELAGE □ Front of fuselage is clean and free of damage □ Pitot and static ports free of obstructions	 WING (STARBORD) remove aileron (and flap) locks Surfaces clean and free of cracks/dents, etc Aileron Airbrakes/Spoilers and Flaps
COCKPIT open canopy	□ Inspection ports if accessible
□ Clean	WING ATTACHMENTS
Canopy and yaw string Cantrols in all diagrams as a function	WING ATTACHMENTS
Controls including trim system: functionControl cables	 Wing to fuselage attachments (including struts if present)
 Operation of front and cg hooks 	GENERAL EQUIPMENT
□ Airbrakes/Spoilers and Flaps controls	□ Extra cushions, correct type
□ Wheel brake operation	□ Parachute(s) serviceable
□ Ballast	 Barograph, GNSS/GPS flight data recorder, etc.
Harness	□ POSITIVE CONTROL CHECK*
 Seats, back rests and cushions security 	 Documentation & journey log entries
□ Instruments, battery, radio, compass, etc.,	
 Placards and loading charts, and all pictograms legible 	
FUCEL ACE include whole funcions	Add other items to this list as you acquire and start using them.
FUSELAGE include whole fuselage Surface clean and free of cracks/dents, etc	* MUST be done immediately after aircraft has been rigged,
 Main, nose wheel assemblies (tire pressures), skids 	and must be done routinely as part of every DI on club aircraft.
 Undercarriage/gear suspension, and brake 	and must be done routinely as part of every brion club allerant.
2 Ondorodinago/godi odoponolon, dna brano	Any Snags? make additional notes at end of this DI
WING (PORT) remove aileron (and flap) locks	book.
 Surfaces clean and free of cracks/dents, etc 	
□ Aileron	
□ Airbrakes/Spoilers and Flaps	
□ Inspection ports if accessible	Aircraft is serviceable (Yes / No)
TAIL ASSEMBLY remove rudder and elevator locks	DI completed by
 Surfaces clean and free of cracks/dents, etc 	Print Name
□ Fin, Rudder & tail wheel assy. (tire pressure), skid	
	Signature
	olgriature

Date of aircraft inspection	Details of Snag If Snag renders aircraft unserviceable, place a do not fly tag on the control column and write UNSERVICEABLE, and place this book on the pilot's seat	Signature of Pilot

Date of	Details of Snag	Signature
aircraft inspection	If Snag renders aircraft unserviceable, place a do not fly tag on the control column and write UNSRVICEABLE, and place this book on the pilot's seat	of Pilot
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DO NOT FLY

Glider Registration C	Glider Registration C
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DO NOT FLY	DO NOT FLY
Glider Registration C	Glider Registration C

DO NOT FLY

Back Cover CHECKLISTS

Take Off	Options	Contest/Task
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Controls Wind Weather data/Notams

InstrumentsReleaseGPS/PDAStrapsObstaclesData loggerTrim/BallastLandable areasWater ballast

Release Launch interruptions Declaration/task data

Canopy Map marked
Options – WROLL Road map
Survival gear

Locator beacon/ELT

Food

Water

<u>Landing</u> <u>Off Field Landing</u>

StrapsSlopePee BagWater/WheelShadingCell phone

Airspeed Stock Contact/crew numbers
Flaps Length Spare change for phone

Traffic/radio call Obstacles Trailer Ready Spoilers Wind Crew briefed

<u>Height Loss</u> <u>Oxygen Use</u>

Cockpit
Altitude
Regulator
Location
Look out
Connections
Emergency

Human Factors

Illness

Alimentation

Medications

Stress

Alcohol

Fatigue

Emotions